# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT NUMBER</th>
<th>DATE OF PREPARATION</th>
<th>HMIS CODES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3102</td>
<td>26-SEP-07</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PRODUCT NAME**
KRYLON® Fluorescent Indoor/Outdoor Paint, Yellow Orange

**MANUFACTURER'S NAME**
THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
KRYLON Products Group
Cleveland, OH 44115

**TELEPHONE NUMBERS and WEBSITES**
Product Information
(800) 832-2541
Regulatory Information
(216) 566-2902
www.paintdocs.com
Medical Emergency
(216) 566-2917
Transportation Emergency
(800) 424-9300

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## Section 2 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% by WT</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>INGREDIENT</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
<th>VAPOR PRESSURE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>Propane</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV</td>
<td>2500  ppm</td>
<td>760 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>1000  ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>106-97-8</td>
<td>Butane</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV</td>
<td>800   ppm</td>
<td>760 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>800   ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV</td>
<td>50    ppm</td>
<td>127 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>50    ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>64742-89-8</td>
<td>V. M. &amp; P. Naphtha</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV</td>
<td>300   ppm</td>
<td>12 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>300   ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>400   ppm STEL</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV</td>
<td>20    ppm</td>
<td>22 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>100   ppm (Skin)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>150   ppm (Skin) STEL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV</td>
<td>100   ppm</td>
<td>7.1 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH TLV</td>
<td>125   ppm STEL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>100   ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA PEL</td>
<td>125   ppm STEL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Continued on page 2
Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.
EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.
SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.
INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.
May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.
Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes.
Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.
Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INHALATION: If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing.
Keep warm and quiet.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting.
Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT

Propellant < 0 F 0.9 12.8

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

Continued on page 3
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS
Containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES
Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.
Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED
Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.
Remove with inert absorbent.

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY
Not Available
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE
Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.
During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.
Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.
Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate, or expose to temperature above 120F. Heat from sunlight, radiators, stoves, hot water, and other heat sources could cause container to burst. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Continued on page 4
Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m³ (total dust), 3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m³ (total dust), 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required for normal application of aerosol products where minimal skin contact is expected. For long or repeated contact, wear chemical resistant gloves.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROPERTY</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PRODUCT WEIGHT</td>
<td>6.98 lb/gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPECIFIC GRAVITY</td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BOILING POINT</td>
<td>&lt;0 - 325 F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MELTING POINT</td>
<td>&lt; -18 - 162 C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VOLATILE VOLUME</td>
<td>82 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EVAPORATION RATE</td>
<td>Faster than ether</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAPOR DENSITY</td>
<td>Heavier than air</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOLUBILITY IN WATER</td>
<td>N.A.</td>
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<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>7.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS</td>
<td>(VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatile Weight</td>
<td>51.15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents</td>
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</table>

Continued on page 5
Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable
CONDITIONS TO AVOID
   None known.
INCOMPATIBILITY
   None known.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS
   By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION
   Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS
Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Prolonged and repeated exposure to Hexane may cause damage to nerve tissue of the arms and legs (peripheral neuropathy), resulting in muscular weakness and loss of sensation. This effect may be increased by the presence of Methyl Ethyl Ketone.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary, cardiovascular and reproductive systems.

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

Continued on page 6
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Ingredient Name</th>
<th>LC50</th>
<th>RCAT</th>
<th>4HR</th>
<th>LD50</th>
<th>RAT</th>
<th>28700</th>
<th>mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>74-98-6</td>
<td>Propane</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>106-97-8</td>
<td>Butane</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td></td>
<td>28700</td>
<td>mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64742-89-8</td>
<td>V. M. &amp; P. Naphtha</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Not Available</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td></td>
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<td>4000 ppm</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>mg/kg</td>
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<tr>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
No data available.

Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD
Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.
Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.
Do not incinerate. Depressurize container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Continued on page 7
Section 14 -- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Ground (DOT)
May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D
UN1950, AEROSOLS, 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

Canada (TDG)
May be classed as Consumer Commodity, ORM-D
UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2.1, LIMITED QUANTITY, (ERG#126)

IMO
May be shipped as Limited Quantity
UN1950, AEROSOLS, CLASS 2, LIMITED QUANTITY, EmS F-D, S-U

Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>CHEMICAL/COMPOUND</th>
<th>% by WT</th>
<th>% Element</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108-88-3</td>
<td>Toluene</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100-41-4</td>
<td>Ethylbenzene</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1330-20-7</td>
<td>Xylene</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65
WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

TSCA CERTIFICATION
All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.